

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Miss Mary H. Krout, the correspondent for the Chicago Inter-Ocean, arrived on the Australia.

Mr. C. M. Cooke left San Francisco for Washington on the 10th inst., bearing special dispatches sent by the Government.

Bruce Cartwright and Frank Winter have been appointed to collect subscriptions for the American Relief Fund.

David B. Lyman, of Chicago, who is well known in these islands, is the president of the Chicago Title and Trust Company.

Marshal Ashley has appointed two white policemen to guard the boat landing. The unruly boat boys will now have to behave themselves.

Messrs. S. B. Rose, A. Brown and J. H. Boyd have been appointed Fire Commissioners. They will have charge of the reorganized Fire Department.

C. W. Ashford, as counsel for John Sheldon, has noted an appeal to the Supreme Court from the decision of Judge Frear in the tobacco corpus case.

Rumor has it that Frank Hustace is to be appointed Chief Engineer of the re-organized Fire Department. He is an old fireman and a good business man.

John White, the present Superintendent of Water Works, is to be succeeded on March 1st by Andrew Brown, a member of the Advisory Council of the Government.

Fort street presented a lively appearance Wednesday with the many American flags flying. The day was generally observed as a holiday. All the business houses closed at noon.

Paymaster J. R. Stanton, U. S. N., arrived on the China. He will relieve Paymaster J. C. Sullivan, as fleet paymaster, on the Mohican. The retiring paymaster has been ordered home.

Egan & Gunn's store is the place just now for bargains. Their special importation of crepe goods finds a ready sale. They have many other leaders which are sold at extremely low prices.

A native of India named Laka died at the hospital Monday morning. On Sunday evening he was severely burned about the chest which was caused by the bedding in his room catching fire.

The coroner's jury empanelled to determine the cause of the death of Alfred Stevens, the sailor whose body was found in the bay on Wednesday, brought in a verdict of accidental drowning.

The Hawaiian Fruit & Taro Co. has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: E. H. Bailey, president; John Richardson, vice-president; W. O. Smith, treasurer; A. N. Kepoikai, secretary and A. Barnes, auditor.

James McGovern, who was arrested as the supposed owner of the opium captured on the steamer Claudine, was discharged last week by Judge Foster. Three Chinese charged with opium in possession were dismissed.

The S. S. Victoria arrived at Tacoma on the 14th inst. from Japan. She reported that smallpox was epidemic in Kobe. The steamer Miki Maru is due at this port on the 6th of March from Yokohama with Japanese immigrants.

Rev. James Kekela writes from Nuhiwa that he has sent to Honolulu a box of Ethnological antiquities from the Marquesas Islands. They are a present from the Hawaiian missionaries there to Hon. C. R. Bishop for the Museum.

Mr. Wray Taylor, of the Immigration Bureau, received information by the China last week that the Japanese immigrant steamer Mike Maru would not leave Yokohama until Feb. 21, and therefore she would be due on or about March 6th.

E. C. Macfarlane in published interviews at San Francisco roasts everything and everybody connected with the Government with the exception of President Dole. He did admit that Mr. Dole was an upright man and one who had the confidence of the community.

Captain Petersen and his wife, of the wrecked bark Lady Lamson, will leave on the Australia for San Francisco. They have both recovered from the privations which they suffered while at sea in the open boat. The captain would like to remain here until the return of the steamer C. R. Bishop, but urgent business calls him away.

The commissioners sent to Washington by this Government have a Hawaiian flag floating over Worm-

ley's Hotel, at which place they are staying.

Taro flour is good for dyspepsia and all stomach trouble.

Send a copy of the second edition of the "Brief History" with your letter on the Australia.

Captain G. C. Wiltse, of the U. S. S. Boston, and Paymaster T. C. Sullivan, of the flagship Mohican, will leave on the Australia.

The Friend, for March, will be ready for the outgoing mail. It will contain S. E. Bishop's reply to T. H. Davies' open letter, besides able comment on current events. Send a copy with your letter.

There is some talk of organizing an exempt fire company by members of the present volunteer system. If the idea is carried out, in all probability the money now in the sick fund of the Department will be turned over to the new organization.

Much of the decorative material used at the Opera House on Friday evening will be turned over to the next Fourth of July Committee. From present indications next Fourth promises to be the biggest and the noisiest holiday ever celebrated in this city.

The buildings formerly used as a soap factory by Thomas W. Rawlins are for rent. He has sold out his business to the Honolulu Soap Company, of which concern he is now manager. Mr. Rawlins can be found during the day by ringing up Bell telephone 207, and after business hours at his home, by calling No. 55 on the same line.

Booked to Leave.

The following persons are booked at the office of W. G. Irwin & Co., to leave on the Australia:

- Captain Geo. C. Wiltse, U. S. N., P. von Rooten, N. Lobenstein, F. Lewis, Mrs. Williams, Miss Traherne, Mrs. W. C. Wilder, G. A. Rice, Mrs. F. S. Pratt and daughter, C. F. Fisher, D. Mason and wife, J. C. Sugg, F. M. Wilson and wife, Master Wilson, E. B. Pomroy, Alex. McBean and wife, R. C. Scott, Miss Mitchell, Captain Dougherty, Mrs. Fairchild, E. Waltner, Henry Roth, Miss Adamson, Capt. Nottage, J. P. Stewart, F. A. Stewart, Dr. A. J. Sloane, S. Lesser, J. H. Jennings, Captain Petersen and wife, W. R. Thompson, Miss Rose Emmett, R. Ziegler and wife, Captain Kimball, P. C. Nosby, Capt. McIntyre, Miss M. McIntyre, S. Chamberlain and wife, Mrs. E. S. Morgan, Mrs. Staples, F. C. Bloomer and wife, Mrs. A. J. Hawes, Paymaster J. C. Sullivan (U.S.N.) and wife, N. Versteeg.

Travel to the Islands.

Should Hawaii be annexed a tide of travel from the East will set in, especially during winter, to the happy islands, where all is summer tempered by delicious breezes from the sea. Visitors at present form a considerable stream, but under the American flag the Sandwich group is certain to become a great resort for well-to-do people who can afford to pass months in the leisure of seeking health and pastime. Americans fond of yachting will have unlimited opportunities for elysian cruises in the South Seas. California is bound to reap some benefit from Hawaii under the stars and stripes, and not a little will arise from visitors bent on seeing our latest territorial acquisition. For a long time Alaska was left in midnight and darkness, unvisited, save for skins, but it has now been discovered to be a region of wonders in cliffs, glaciers and picturesque bays. Americans now go to Alaska just as Europeans go to Norway.—[S. F. Call.]

Funeral of W. E. Herrick.

The funeral of the late W. E. Herrick took place yesterday afternoon from Harmony Hall on King street. The body was taken to the Central Union Church where Dr. Beckwith read the funeral service. The interment took place in the Odd Fellow's plot in Nuuanu cemetery. Members of Harmony and Excelsior lodges, I. O. O. F., and the Daughters of Rebekah attended the funeral, as did members of the different companies of the Honolulu Fire Department of which organization the deceased was an old member. The funeral which was a large one was led by the Hawaiian Band.

"The Brief History."

Owing to a big demand for the "Brief History of the Hawaiian Revolution," the Gazette Company has printed a second edition. It contains everything up to date regarding the overthrow of the monarchy, including the raising of the stars and stripes on the Government building. It can be had at this office or at the news-dealers. Send a copy to your friends abroad.

IN THE COUNCIL.

MONDAY, Feb. 20.

A large part of the time of the Council was occupied with the reading of dispatches from Washington. These add nothing to the news offered to the readers of the ADVERTISER in another column.

A communication was received from the North Pacific Fertilizing Co., expressing the wish to lease Bird and other islands from the Government.

The Minister of Finance presented his weekly statement.

A debate arose in regard to the Registration Act. It appears that the Act was signed by the Queen and counter-signed by the Minister, but there is a lack of evidence that it was ever returned to the Legislature, a necessary condition to its becoming law. At any rate the Act has disappeared, and it is proposed to re-enact it. It was ordered type written.

The Judiciary Committee reported a bill based on the recommendations of the Committee on Board of Health Matters. It was ordered type written. A recommendation of the Military Committee was also considered.

TUESDAY, Feb. 21.

The Council met at 2:30 P. M. Minutes of preceding day read and approved.

Attorney-General Smith presented a letter from the Marshal setting forth the importance of licensing the boat boys. Referred to the Judiciary Committee to draft a bill.

The "Act to Create the Fire Department of the City of Honolulu" was taken up and read.

The Board of Health bill was read a first time.

A committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Cooper, Emmelth and Waterhouse, was appointed to investigate the condition of the Insane Asylum, the idea being to bring it under the control of the Board of Health.

FRIDAY, Feb. 24.

The Council met at 2 P. M. Attorney-General Smith reported a decision in the Sheldon case. The Council having notice of an intention on the part of petitioner to appeal, decided to await the result of the judicial proceedings. The prisoner, Sheldon, was produced and the intention of the Council stated to his counsel, C. W. Ashford.

The Judiciary Committee reported the draft of a bill to license the boat boys. Ordered type-written.

The draft of the bill consolidating the gaming laws was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Consideration of the Registration Act was deferred for the present.

The Board of Health Act was passed.

CHINESE CELEBRATE.

They Recognize Washington's Birthday's in a Noisy Manner.

Wednesday a mixed crowd of about 2000 people congregated on the Hotel street between Smith and Mannakee streets. The cause of the gathering was the wholesale explosion of firecrackers at the club rooms of the United Chinese Society. During the afternoon some members of the society called on Marshal Ashley to get permission to wind up their New Year holidays and celebrate Washington's Birthday at the same time. They seemed so earnest in their wishes to celebrate the American holiday that the Marshal gave his consent. It is estimated that the Chinese exploded about \$300.00 worth of firecrackers to the delight of the assembled throng. Although the street was closely packed no accidents happened. Policemen were distributed about the street to keep off vehicles and necessary precautions were taken against fire.

The Chinese residents are pleased with the turn of affairs in the country and they exhibited their satisfaction Wednesday P. M. in the Oriental fashion.

The John Ena.

The eyes of the whole civilized world are, for the nonce, centered on the little group of islands in the Pacific, whose queen was recently forced to abdicate her throne, and any items of news relating to the island kingdom are of special interest just now. The Royal Hawaiian Navy consists, or did consist until recently, of one small steamer, dubbed by courtesy a man-of-war; but her mercantile marine is by no means a small one, and it will surprise many to learn that the Hawaiian flag floats over two of the handsomest and largest sailing vessels that ever plowed blue water. They are the Hawaiian Isles and John Ena. Both were built in the United Kingdom, and are now on their maiden voyages. The former is now on the Sound, whither she went from this port, and the latter, which arrived here on January 31st, after a long and eventful passage of 166 days from Cardiff, is discharging her cargo of coal at Howard street wharf No. 3.—S. F. Commercial Record.

Prince Y. Komatsu, sub-lieutenant on the Japanese cruiser Naniwa, is related to the Emperor of Japan.

PRESIDENT HARRISON IS PLEASED.

Minister Stevens' Course Has His Approval.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—President Harrison is pleased at the action of Minister Stevens in hoisting the Stars and Stripes over the Islands. The President has favored a protectorate from the first, and he feels that though there might have been opposition in Congress to such a course, no American would wish to take any backward step at this time. As he expressed it to-day to one of his visitors: "There might be some hesitation about hoisting the flag in a foreign land, but once up no one will ever suggest that it shall be hauled down."

Secretary of the Treasury Charles Foster was the only member of the Cabinet who would talk. He said Stevens' instructions were of such a character they covered the declaration of a protectorate if he thought such a course advisable, and no doubt he would be sustained in all he had done.

STEVENS' COURSE APPROVED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Secretary Foster made public to-day the full text of the dispatch announcing the Hawaiian revolution received by him from Minister Stevens on the 28th of January by telegraph from San Francisco and the answer to be sent to the Minister.

The information contained in the dispatch sent by Stevens has already been made public, but the reply of Secretary Foster is here given for the first time. It is addressed to John L. Stevens, United States Minister, Honolulu, he says:

Your dispatch, telegraphed from San Francisco, announcing a revolution and the establishment of a Provisional Government was received to-day. Your course in recognizing, unopposed, the de facto Government appears to have been discreet and in accordance with the facts. The rule of this Government has uniformly been to recognize and enter into relations with any actual Government in full possession of the effective power with the assent of the people. You will continue to recognize the new Government under such conditions.

It is trusted that the change, besides conducing to the tranquility and welfare of the Hawaiian Islands, will tend to draw closer the intimate ties of amity and common interests which so conspicuously and necessarily link them to the United States. You will keep in constant communication with the commander of the United States naval forces at Honolulu, with a view to acting, if need be, for the protection of the interests and property of American citizens and aiding in the preservation of good order under the changed condition reported.

Secretary Foster also gave out for publication a statement defending the landing of the United States marines at Honolulu.

STEVENS AND BLAINE.

AUGUSTA, ME., Feb. 11.—It is said here that Minister Stevens' course in establishing an American protectorate temporarily over the Hawaiian Islands is in line with the policy worked out by Blaine. The latter knew a revolution was likely to occur at any time. He was thoroughly acquainted with Stevens, having a high estimation of his ability and knowing he was able to cope with any emergency. Through Blaine's influence at Washington Stevens received his appointment.

J. E. Bush Abroad.

J. E. Bush, editor and proprietor of the Ka Leo o ka Lahui, has written a letter to his paper from San Francisco. In it he says that the Senate was divided, the Southern Senators being anxious to listen to both sides of the question before they discuss the matter. He cautioned his readers not to believe all that the San Francisco and most of the eastern papers say. Mr. Bush said that Messrs. P. Neumann, E. C. Macfarlane and Prince Kawanakoa had left for Washington, and he regretted not having accompanied the commissioners, as he wanted to lay the Hawaiians' case before the Senate. "The people on the Pacific Coast are all for annexation," he said.

A Cabinet Story.

Fred Somers is strong for Hawaiian annexation, illustrating the uncertain character of the native government by the following story: On the islands Somers met Ned Macfarlane, with whom he worked fifteen years ago on the San Francisco papers. Macfarlane is now a prosperous planter on the islands. They met one day in Honolulu, when Macfarlane was evidently in a hurry. "What's the rush, Mac?" Somers asked.

"The Queen has just appointed me a member of the Cabinet and I'm in a hurry to get my coat uniform made before the Ministry is changed," answered Macfarlane.

While they were talking a native messenger came running and spoke breathlessly to the new Minister in Hawaiian. Macfarlane listened, and a look of disgust passed over his jovial face. Turning to Somers he said: "Well, let's go and have a bottle of wine, Fred."

"But about your uniform?" "Oh, it's too late. The Ministry has been changed."—New York Letter in S. F. Chronicle.

SPREADING LIGHT.

Advertising Hawaii in Foreign Countries.

By the last mail the Bureau is in receipt of many interesting communications from its agents, Cook's Tourist Agencies and Hawaiian Consuls, abroad.

F. G. Eytan Walker the agent in Japan reports a large interest developing regarding the Islands. He is having bound the large photographs from "Vistas of Hawaii," which have been beautifully colored by Japanese colorists, and they are being placed in the hotels, public offices and houses in Yokohama and Tokio. Lantern slides are also being made, which will be used by the Bureau in furnishing to those parties traveling through the world with lantern exhibitions. In addition, the lately issued "Paradise and Inferno," is being distributed in principal places in Japan and Hongkong.

Mr. Walker reports a serious disease affecting Japanese cattle, and makes a suggestion that our cattle men would do well to look into the business of exporting cattle to the Japanese market. With the new arrangements of the Pacific Mail and O. & O. S. S. companies' vessels calling here more frequently we may expect a large number of tourists traveling by the Oriental route to America and Chicago.

The agent of Thos. Cook & Sons in Auckland writes acknowledging the receipt of "the very beautiful supply of advertising matter," that a friend of his thought so much of the photographs that he made lantern slides of most of them and is now showing them throughout New Zealand in a lecturing tour which he has undertaken.

The Bureau is forwarding by the outgoing mail a large amount of advertising matter, principally Vistas of Hawaii and Paradise and Inferno, which is being eagerly asked for since the Revolution, which has ably seconded the efforts of the Bureau.

In the Circuit Court.

Judge Whiting filed his first written opinion Tuesday in the Circuit Court, in the case of the Queen vs. Ah Foo and Ng Chin, being an appeal from a conviction had in the Police Court, October 25th, for unlawful possession of opium. The counsel for the defendants, Judge Hartwell and A. P. Peterson, moved for a discharge on the ground that the so-called opium license law, passed by the Legislature of 1892, repeals the Statute of '90, under which the defendants were prosecuted, but contains no provision exempting from the operation of the repeal prosecutions then pending. The result is that there is no law at this time under which these defendants can be convicted.

Judge Whiting takes the same view, following Chief Justice Shaw in Com. vs. Marshall, 11 Pick 350, who says there can be no judgment "unless the law is in force at the time of the indictment and judgment. If the law ceases to operate by its own limitation, or by a repeal before judgment, no judgment can be given." A number of other authorities are cited.

The motion of the defendants was accordingly granted and they were discharged.

In the case of Talula L. Hayselden vs. Wahineaea (w.), ejectment, the jury brought in a verdict for the defendant, three dissenting. The case lasted two days.

After a trial of three days' duration before a mixed jury, the ejectment suit of James I. Dowsett vs. Maukeala et al., was settled Thursday by the jury bringing in a verdict for the defendants, who set up a claim of long residence and never having been required to pay rent. C. Brown for plaintiff; C. W. Ashford for defendants.

No. 53 Provisional Government vs. Ah Wo, assault with intent to commit rape. Deputy Attorney-General Brown for prosecution; defendant in person. Unanimously acquitted.

No. 59 Provisional Government vs. Peter Quinn, maiming. Deputy Attorney-General Brown for prosecution; defendant in person. The defendant's crime consisted in chewing Thos. Mullen's ear. Quinn was unanimously convicted.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani.

There once was a Queen in Hawaii Who thought a new scheme she would trail; But she recked not the cost, And her job, which she lost, Uncle Sam may fill by and bail.

A few years ago King Kalakaua offered his throne for \$200,000,000. Now the United States can have his whole kingdom for nothing. The market price of thrones has evidently gone down.—Boston Globe.

AN ISLAND PEST.

How Mosquitoes Were Introduced Into Hawaii.

Some years ago a sailing vessel put into Honolulu harbor. On board was a barrel of rainwater. It took a few days to discharge the cargo. In the meantime the skipper was so wrapped in admiration of the beauties of Honolulu that he forgot all about his uncovered barrel.

The water soon became stagnant and a hatchery for myriads of mosquitoes. Up to this time the tantalizing pest had been a stranger to the inhabitants. As fast as the mosquitoes left the barrel they flew shoreward. Finding the climate and country congenial and the blood of the natives satisfying they remained to promulgate their species.

The captain sailed away oblivious of the lasting remembrance he had left of himself and ship.

"Honolulu is ahead of New Jersey in one respect. That is in having two entirely different kinds of mosquitoes—one for the day and one for the night.

"An amusing story is told there about a family named Hall, who went to Honolulu from Newark, N. J. Their journey was long and tiresome, and by the time they arrived at their destination they longed for home again. They had been in Honolulu a few hours only when they visibly brightened, and when asked how they liked the place they cheerfully answered:

"Oh, we were kinder lonesome and homesick at first, but now it ain't so bad, for you've got mosquitoes that beat our'n holler."

"Hawaiian mosquitoes are like New England weather, if Mark Twain is to be believed, for there are all kinds, sizes, shapes and ages. As no one has ever been able to boast of having killed one, and as they never die in that climate, they multiply in numbers and increase in viciousness every year."—[S. F. Call.]

INFLUENCE.

Last night the surf came pounding in Down on the beach four miles away, Here, to our lonely mountain rest, Came the sound like distant thunder; The wind's wild circles round the house Deaden'd at times th' voice of the ocean.

I stepped without the door; overhead White-winged clouds were scurrying thro' the sky. Below, dark ones flew madly in the self—

Same course their fairer rivals sped. One bright lone star shone calmly In a spot of intensest, deepest violet.

How pure, how fair, how calmly trustful, It shone in all the fury of that storm; The din increased, the tumult swelled, The beasts, affrighted, shelter sought Near us, their friends and masters; we, Helpless, comfort drew from that fair star.

And I, who in life's daily drudgery and toil Should soon engulfed and lost have been, Took heart, and, penitent, prayed that He

From my late despair and sin would uplift, Guide, strengthen, hold and keep me. So shone the star above the clouds, And solace brought to one tired soul.

—[CHRISTOPHER WEBSTER.]

The Poi Cocktail is Alone Worth the Price of the Islands.

Poi is made from the root of the tago plant. The tago grows in the water, and its broad leaves float upon the surface. It has a root very similar to the turnip, but of more elongated form. It is prepared by grating it upon a slightly hollowed volcanic stone upon which water is poured from time to time. The whole, says the Pittsburg Dispatch, eventually forms a paste, which undergoes a slight fermentation, and is pleasant to the taste. There is a drink on the islands known as a "poi cocktail." It is made by stirring the paste into a glass of milk. Its virtues were discerned many years ago by Europeans. For the "head" which follows a night's debauch there is nothing like it. When the stomach absolutely refuses anything known to civilization, when the throat is dry and burning, the voice husky, the temple throbbing and the hand shaking, the poi cocktail is swallowed. It is almost instantly assimilated. A delicious feeling of calm and rest steals over the patient. The paste covers the inflamed walls of the stomach and protects them. The throat becomes once more of flesh, not fire, and the head ceases to ache. In fifteen minutes he is ready for another spree.—[S. F. Chronicle.]

The King of the Gilbert Islands has forwarded to the State Department at Washington a protest against the forcible seizure of his realm by the British Government at a time when he was negotiating for American protection. The protest of King Teburimo comes at a most unfortunate time. If John Bull should wink at Hawaiian annexation, Uncle Sam could not do less than blink the petty larceny involved in the seizure of the Gilbert Islands. It is apparently manifest destiny that the eagles and the lions should feast on smaller game. How else are they to live?—Phil. Record.